



## 1. Identification

Product identifier	Aero Thunder	
Other means of identification		
Product Code	126319	
Recommended use	General Purpose Cleaner	
<b>Recommended restrictions</b>	None known.	
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/	Distributor information	
Manufacturer		
Company name	Malco Products, Inc.	
Address	361 Fairview Ave	
	Barberton, OH 44203	
	United States	
Telephone	Phone	800-253-2526
	Fax	330-753-2025
Website	www.malcopro.com	
E-mail	msdsinfo@malcopro.com	
Contact person	Technical Department	
Emergency phone number	Phone	1-800-424-9300

# 2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards	Gases under pressure	Liquefied gas
Health hazards	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A
Environmental hazards	Not classified.	
OSHA defined hazards	Not classified.	

Label elements



Signal word	Warning
Hazard statement	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. Causes serious eye irritation.
Precautionary statement	
Prevention	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid breathing vapors. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear eye protection/face protection.
Response	If swallowed: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. Specific treatment (see this label). If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.
Storage	Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)	Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.
Supplemental information	90% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity. 90% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity.

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### **Mixtures**

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Ethylene Glycol Monobutylether		111-76-2	3 - < 5
N-butane		106-97-8	1 - < 3
Tetrasodium Ethylenediaminetetraacetate		64-02-8	1 - < 3
Propane		74-98-6	< 1
Other components below reportable le	evels		90 - 100

Other components below reportable levels

\*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

#### 4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.
Skin contact	Wash off with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
Ingestion	Not likely, due to the form of the product. In the unlikely event of swallowing contact a physician or poison control center. Rinse mouth.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
General information	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.
5. Fire-fighting measures	
Suitable extinguishing media	Water fog. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Do not move cargo or vehicle if cargo has been exposed to heat. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up. For massive fire in cargo area, use unmanned hose holder or monitor nozzles, if possible. If not, withdraw and let fire burn out.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
General fire hazards	Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame.
6 Assidental release mas	

#### 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Keep out protective equipment and of low areas. Many gases are heavier than air and will spread along ground and collect in low or emergency procedures confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Emergency personnel need self-contained breathing equipment. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	risk. Move the cylinder to a safe and o dispersed. Eliminate all ignition source Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, e	nd/or instructions for use. Stop leak if you can do so without pen area if the leak is irreparable. Isolate area until gas has s (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). etc.) away from spilled material. Cover with plastic sheet to te, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Following r.
	Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent n remove residual contamination.	naterial (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to
Environmental precautions	Avoid discharge into drains, water cou avoid environmental contamination.	rses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to
7. Handling and storage		
Precautions for safe handling	static accumulating liquids) or dangero operations that can promote accumula filtering, pumping at high flow rates, sp filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gaugin container: Do not pierce or burn, even Do not spray on a naked flame or any until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of material. Close valve after each use an not drag, roll, slide, or drop. When mov hand truck, etc.) designed to transport prevented. Do not allow backfeed into Use only properly specified equipment temperature. Contact your gas supplie eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid pro appropriate personal protective equipment Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Aris	I combustible materials (including combustible dust and bus reactions with incompatible materials. Handling tion of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, lash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container g, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Pressurized after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or . Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to fignition. Ground and bond containers when transferring nd when empty. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do <i>v</i> ing cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, cylinders. Suck back of water into the container must be the container. Purge air from system before introducing gas. which is suitable for this product, its supply pressure and er if in doubt. Do not re-use empty containers. Do not get in blonged exposure. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear ment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.
Conditions for safe storage,	Level 1 Aerosol.	
including any incompatibilities	can may burst. Do not puncture, incine heat or other sources of ignition. Avoid These alone may be insufficient to rem Cylinders should be stored upright, wit	se to heat or store at temperatures above 120°F/49°C as erate or crush. Do not handle or store near an open flame, I spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. hove static electricity. Store in a well-ventilated place. h valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to Stored containers should be periodically checked for
8. Exposure controls/pers	onal protection	
Occupational exposure limits		
US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits Components	for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.10 Type	00) Value
Ethylene Glycol Monobutylether (CAS 111-76-2)	PEL	240 mg/m3
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	PEL	50 ppm 1800 mg/m3 1000 ppm

# **US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values** Components

Components	Туре	Value	
Ethylene Glycol Monobutylether (CAS 111-76-2)	TWA	20 ppm	
N-butane (CAS 106-97-8)	STEL	1000 ppm	

1000 ppm

### US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Туре	Value	
Ethylene Glycol Monobutylether (CAS 111-76-2)	TWA	24 mg/m3	
		5 ppm	
N-butane (CAS 106-97-8)	TWA	1900 mg/m3	
		800 ppm	
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	TWA	1800 mg/m3	
		1000 ppm	

#### **Biological limit values**

ACGIH Biological Exposi			<b>a</b> .	<b>•</b> •• <b>•</b>
Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
Ethylene Glycol Monobutylether (CAS 111-76-2)	200 mg/g	Butoxyacetic acid (BAA), with hydrolysis	Creatinine in urine	*
* - For sampling details, ple	ease see the source do	cument.		
Exposure guidelines				
US - California OELs: Ski	in designation			
Ethylene Glycol Mono US - Minnesota Haz Subs	butylether (CAS 111-76 <b>: Skin designation ap</b>	,	absorbed throug	yh the skin.
Ethylene Glycol Mono US - Tennessee OELs: Sl	butylether (CAS 111-76 kin designation	5-2) Skin de	signation applies	S.
Ethylene Glycol Mono US NIOSH Pocket Guide	butylether (CAS 111-76 to Chemical Hazards:	,	absorbed throug	jh the skin.
Ethylene Glycol Mono US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limi	butylether (CAS 111-76 <b>ts for Air Contaminan</b>	,	absorbed throug <b>0)</b>	gh the skin.
Ethylene Glycol Mono	butylether (CAS 111-76	6-2) Can be	absorbed throug	gh the skin.
Appropriate engineering controls	should be matche or other engineerii	d to conditions. If app ng controls to mainta	licable, use proc n airborne levels	our) should be used. Ventilation rates ess enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, below recommended exposure limits. If porne levels to an acceptable level. Provide
Individual protection measured	es, such as personal j	protective equipme	nt	
Eye/face protection	Wear safety glass	es with side shields (	or goggles).	
Skin protection Hand protection	Wear appropriate	chemical resistant gl	oves.	
Other	Wear suitable prot	tective clothing.		
Respiratory protection	In case of insuffici	ent ventilation, wear	suitable respirato	ory equipment.
Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate	thermal protective clo	othing, when nec	essary.
General hygiene considerations	after handling the		eating, drinking, a	nal hygiene measures, such as washing and/or smoking.  Routinely wash work nts.
	al properties			

Appearance	Aerosol.
Physical state	Liquid.
Form	Aerosol. Liquefied gas.
Color	Not available.
Odor	Pleasant.
Odor threshold	Not available.
рН	12
Melting point/freezing point	Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	212 °F (100 °C) estimated

Flash point	-156.0 °F (-104.4 °C)
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Flammable gas.
Upper/lower flammability or exp	losive limits
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapor pressure	60 - 75 psig @70 estimated
Vapor density	Not available.
Relative density	Not available.
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Not available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Other information	
Density	0.94 g/cm <sup>3</sup>
Explosive properties	Not explosive.
Flammability class	Flammable IB estimated
Oxidizing properties	Not oxidizing.
VOC	14.8 %
10. Stability and reactivity	
Reactivity	Reacts violently with strong acids. This product may react with oxidizing agents.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Heat. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials. Do not mix with other chemicals.
Incompatible materials	Acids. Oxidizing agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

# 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.
Skin contact	2-Butoxy ethanol may be absorbed through the skin in toxic amounts if contact is repeated and prolonged. These effects have not been observed in humans.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.
Ingestion	Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision.

#### Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity		
Components	Species	Test Results
Ethylene Glycol Monobuty	ylether (CAS 111-76-2)	
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	400 mg/kg

	Species	Test Results
Oral		
LD50	Rat	560 mg/kg
* Estimates for product may b	e based on additional component da	ta not shown.
Skin corrosion/irritation	Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.	
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes serious eye irritation.	
Respiratory or skin sensitization	า	
<b>Respiratory sensitization</b>	Not a respiratory sensitizer.	
Skin sensitization	This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.	
Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.	
Carcinogenicity	This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA.	
IARC Monographs. Overall	Evaluation of Carcinogenicity	
Ethylene Glycol Monobut OSHA Specifically Regulate	ylether (CAS 111-76-2) 3 I od Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-	Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans. 1052)
Not regulated.		
8	ogram (NTP) Report on Carcinoge	ns
US. National Toxicology Pro Not listed.		n <b>s</b> use reproductive or developmental effects.
US. National Toxicology Pro		
US. National Toxicology Pro Not listed. Reproductive toxicity Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure Specific target organ toxicity -	This product is not expected to ca	
US. National Toxicology Pro Not listed. Reproductive toxicity Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	This product is not expected to can Not classified.	
US. National Toxicology Pro Not listed. Reproductive toxicity Specific target organ toxicity -	This product is not expected to can Not classified. Not classified. Not an aspiration hazard.	

#### 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity	The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.		
Components		Species	Test Results
Ethylene Glycol Monobutyle	her (CAS 111	-76-2)	
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Inland silverside (Menidia beryllina)	1250 mg/l, 96 hours
Tetrasodium Ethylenediamir	etetraacetate	(CAS 64-02-8)	
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus)	472 - 500 mg/l, 96 hours
* Estimates for product may Persistence and degradability		dditional component data not shown. available on the degradability of this product	i.
Bioaccumulative potential	No data av	ailable.	
<b>Partition coefficient n-octa</b> Ethylene Glycol Monobutyle N-butane Propane	•	og Kow) 0.83 2.89 2.36	
Mobility in soil	No data av	ailable.	
Other adverse effects		dverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone dep ndocrine disruption, global warming potentia	

# 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Local disposal regulations	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Hazardous waste code	The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
Contaminated packaging	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Do not re-use empty containers.

## 14. Transport information

UN number	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS, FLAMMABL
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2.1
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	2.1
Packing group	Not available.
Special precautions for user	Not available.
Packaging non bulk	None
Packaging bulk	None
ΙΑΤΑ	
UN number	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	Aerosols, flammable
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2.1
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	Not available.
Environmental hazards	No.
ERG Code	10L
Special precautions for user Other information	Not available.
Passenger and cargo aircraft	Allowed with restrictions.
Cargo aircraft only	Allowed with restrictions.
IMDG	
UN number	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS, FLAMMABL
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2.1
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	Not available.
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	No.
EmS	Not available.
Special precautions for user	Not available.
Transport in bulk according to	Not established.
Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and	
the IBC Code	





**General information** 

Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's compartment. Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency. Before transporting product containers: Ensure that containers are firmly secured. Ensure cylinder valve is closed and not leaking. Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided) is correctly fitted. Ensure valve protection device (where provided) is correctly fitted. Ensure adequate ventilation. Ensure compliance with applicable regulations.

#### 15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations	This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.
TSCA Section 12(b) Export	Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)
Not regulated.	
CERCLA Hazardous Substa	ance List (40 CFR 302.4)
Not listed.	
SARA 304 Emergency relea	ise notification
Not regulated.	
	ed Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)
Not regulated.	
•	eauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)
SARA 302 Extremely hazar	dous substance
Not listed.	
SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical	Yes
Classified hazard	Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)
categories	Gas under pressure Acute toxicity (any route of exposure)
	Skin corrosion or irritation
	Serious eye damage or eye irritation
SARA 313 (TRI reporting) Not regulated.	
Other federal regulations	
Clean Air Act (CAA) Section	n 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List
Not regulated.	n 112(r) Appidental Palagon Brownstian (10 CEP 69 120)
· · ·	n 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)
N-butane (CAS 106-97-8 Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	

# Safe Drinking Water Act Not regulated. (SDWA)

#### **US state regulations**

#### **California Proposition 65**

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins.

# US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

Ethylene Glycol Monobutylether (CAS 111-76-2) N-butane (CAS 106-97-8)

#### International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
Taiwan	Taiwan Toxic Chemical Substances (TCS)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

\*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

#### 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date Revision date Version #	10-25-2014 08-01-2019 10
Disclaimer	The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Malco Products, Inc. cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.
Revision information	Composition / Information on Ingredients: Ingredients Physical & Chemical Properties: Multiple Properties Regulatory information: California Proposition 65