malko

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier Citrus Spray Wax

Other means of identification

Product Code 1046

Recommended use Vehicle Wax Recommended restrictionsNone known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

Company name Malco Products, Inc.

Address 361 Fairview Ave
Barberton, OH 44203

United States

Telephone Phone 800-253-2526

Fax 330-753-2025

Website www.malcopro.com
E-mail msdsinfo@malcopro.com
Contact person Technical Department

Emergency phone number Phone 1-800-424-9300

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazardsFlammable liquidsCategory 4Health hazardsAcute toxicity, oralCategory 5Serious eye damage/eye irritationCategory 2A

Environmental hazards Not classified.

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word Warning

Hazard statement Combustible liquid. Causes serious eye irritation. May be harmful if swallowed.

Precautionary statement

Prevention Keep away from flames and hot surfaces-No smoking. Wash thoroughly after handling. Wear

protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.

Response If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and

easy to do. Continue rinsing. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. In case of

fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.

Storage Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise

classified (HNOC)

None known.

Supplemental information 19.04% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
KEROSENE		8008-20-6	3 - < 5
Propan-2-ol (Isopropyl Alcohol)		67-63-0	3 - < 5

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Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Propylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether		5131-66-8	3 - < 5
Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether		111-76-2	1 - < 3
Glycerol		56-81-5	< 0.2
Other components below reportable le	evels		80 - < 90

^{*}Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Ingestion

media

Inhalation Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.

Skin contact Wash off with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Eye contact Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Rinse mouth. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.

Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred

vision.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

General informationEnsure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

The product is combustible, and heating may generate vapors which may form explosive vapor/air mixtures. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

structions so without his

Specific methodsUse standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

General fire hazards Combustible liquid.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

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7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not taste or swallow. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

The following constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

Components	Туре		Val	ue	Form
Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (CAS 111-76-2)	PEL		240	mg/m3	
,			ا 50	ppm	
Glycerol (CAS 56-81-5)	PEL		5 m	ıg/m3	Respirable fraction.
			15 ו	mg/m3	Total dust.
Propan-2-ol (Isopropyl Alcohol) (CAS 67-63-0)	PEL		980	mg/m3	
, ,			400) ppm	
US. ACGIH Threshold Lim	nit Values				
Components	Туре		Val	ue	Form
Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (CAS 111-76-2)	TWA		20	ppm	
KEROSENE (CAS 8008-20-6)	TWA		200) mg/m3	Non-aerosol.
Propan-2-ol (Isopropyl Alcohol) (CAS 67-63-0)	STEL		400) ppm	
	TWA		200) ppm	
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide	to Chemical Hazards				
Components	Туре		Val	ue	
Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (CAS 111-76-2)	TWA		24 ı	mg/m3	
			5 p _l	pm	
KEROSENE (CAS 8008-20-6)	TWA		100	mg/m3	
Propan-2-ol (Isopropyl Alcohol) (CAS 67-63-0)	STEL	-	122	25 mg/m3	
			500) ppm	
	TWA		980) mg/m3	
			400) ppm	
ogical limit values					
ACGIH Biological Exposu	re Indices				
Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling	Time

40 mg/l

Exposure guidelines

US - California OELs: Skin designation

Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl 200 mg/g

Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (CAS 111-76-2)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (CAS 111-76-2) Skin designation applies.

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Ether (CAS 111-76-2)

Propan-2-ol (Isopropyl

Alcohol) (CAS 67-63-0)

Butoxyacetic

with hydrolysis

acid (BAA),

Acetone

Creatinine in

urine

Urine

^{* -} For sampling details, please see the source document.

US - Tennessee OELs: Skin designation

Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (CAS 111-76-2)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation

KEROSENE (CAS 8008-20-6)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Skin designation

Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (CAS 111-76-2)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (CAS 111-76-2)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering

controls

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Face shield is recommended. Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.

Respiratory protection If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure

limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not

been established), an approved respirator must be worn.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

When using do not smoke. Keep away from food and drink. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance Clear.
Physical state Liquid.
Form Liquid.
Color Yellow
Odor Citrus

Odor threshold Not available.

pH 6.8

Melting point/freezing point -117.43 °F (-83.02 °C) estimated Initial boiling point and boiling 289.43 °F (143.01 °C) estimated

range

Flash point 175.0 °F (79.4 °C)
Evaporation rate Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower 0

0.7 % estimated

(%)

Flammability limit - upper

5 % estimated

(%)

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available.

Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

Vapor pressure 2.45 hPa estimated

Vapor density Not available.

Relative density Not available.

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Not available.

Partition coefficient Not available.

(n-octanol/water)

Material name: Citrus Spray Wax 1046 Version #: 05 Revision date: 03-29-2018 Issue date: 09-06-2014 Auto-ignition temperature Not available.

Decomposition temperature Not available.

Viscosity 75 cP

Viscosity temperature 68 °F (20 °C)

Other information

Density 8.18 lbs/gal **Explosive properties** Not explosive.

Flammability class Combustible IIIA estimated

Oxidizing properties Not oxidizing.

VOC 6.62 % estimated

10. Stability and reactivity

ReactivityThe product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the

flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

Skin contact 2-Butoxy ethanol may be absorbed through the skin in toxic amounts if contact is repeated and

prolonged. These effects have not been observed in humans.

Eye contactCauses serious eye irritation. **Ingestion**May be harmful if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred

vision

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity May be harmful if swallowed.

Components Species Test Results

Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (CAS 111-76-2)

Acute Dermal

LD50 Rabbit 400 mg/kg

Oral

LD50 Rat 560 mg/kg

Propan-2-ol (Isopropyl Alcohol) (CAS 67-63-0)

Acute Oral

LD50 Rat 4.7 g/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye

Causes serious eye irritation.

irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitization This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicityNo data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are

mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (CAS 111-76-2) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)

Not regulated

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicityThis product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Not classified.

Aspiration hazard

Not an aspiration hazard.

Chronic effects

May be harmful if absorbed through skin. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

2-Butoxy ethanol may be absorbed through the skin in toxic amounts if contact is repeated and

prolonged. These effects have not been observed in humans.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

 Components
 Species
 Test Results

 Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (CAS 111-76-2)

Aquatic

Fish LC50 Inland silverside (Menidia beryllina) 1250 mg/l, 96 hours

Glycerol (CAS 56-81-5)

Aquatic

Fish LC50 Rainbow trout, donaldson trout 51000 - 57000 mg/l, 96 hours

(Oncorhynchus mykiss)

Propan-2-ol (Isopropyl Alcohol) (CAS 67-63-0)

Aquatic

Fish LC50 Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus) > 1400 mg/l, 96 hours

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential No data available.

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether 0.83
Glycerol -1.76
Propan-2-ol (Isopropyl Alcohol) 0.05

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation

potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Dispose of

contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is

emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal.

Material name: Citrus Spray Wax SDS US

14. Transport information

DOT

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IATA

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IMDG

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

Transport in bulk according to

Not established.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

the IBC Code

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Not listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)

Not regulated.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous

Yes

chemical

Classified hazard Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)

categories Acute toxicity (any route of exposure)

Serious eye damage or eye irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Not regulated.

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act

Not regulated.

(SDWA)

FEMA Priority Substances Respiratory Health and Safety in the Flavor Manufacturing Workplace

Glycerol (CAS 56-81-5) Other Flavoring Substances with OSHA PEL's

Propan-2-ol (Isopropyl Alcohol) (CAS 67-63-0) Low priority

US state regulations

California Proposition 65

WARNING: California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 2016 (Proposition 65): This material

is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins. For

more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (CAS 111-76-2)

KEROSENE (CAS 8008-20-6)

Propan-2-ol (Isopropyl Alcohol) (CAS 67-63-0)

International Inventories

Material name: Citrus Spray Wax

Country(s) or region Inventory name On inventory (yes/no)*

Australia Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)

No

Country(s) or region	inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No

EuropeEuropean List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)NoJapanInventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)NoKoreaExisting Chemicals List (ECL)NoNew ZealandNew Zealand InventoryNoPhilippinesPhilippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical SubstancesNo

(PICCS)

Inventory name

TaiwanTaiwan Toxic Chemical Substances (TCS)NoUnited States & Puerto RicoToxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) InventoryNo

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

 Issue date
 09-06-2014

 Revision date
 03-29-2018

Version # 05

Country(s) or region

Disclaimer Malco Products, Inc. cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product,

or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. The information in the sheet was written based on the best

knowledge and experience currently available.

Revision informationThis document has undergone significant changes and should be reviewed in its entirety.

Material name: Citrus Spray Wax sps us

On inventory (vec/ne)*

^{*}A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).